

STUDENT'S HANDBOOK

Class: UKG

Session: 2025 – 2026

Books:

- **ENGLISH**

- Foundation Primer B Literacy Skills
- Foundation Primer B Literacy Skills Practice

- **हिन्दी**

- शब्द ज्ञान
- शब्द निर्माण

- **RHYMES**

- Rhymes (C)
- बालगीत

- **MATHS**

- Early Skills Numbers Workbook Upper KG

- **EVS**

- Foundation Primer B General Awareness

- **ART & CRAFT**

- Go Colours!

EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Evaluation of a child's progress is done on the basis of day-to-day performance. Assessments are carried out in various ways which will include written assessments, oral assessments and class response which will be judged primarily through activities, mother & child project, creative work, work done in notebooks /books and class discussions.

Students will be assessed on the basis of multiple assessments, divided as per the following:

- **Assessment – I** – April – May (will be taken in the month of May)
- **Assessment – II** – July – August (August end)
- **Assessment – III** – September (September end)
- **Assessment – IV** – October to December (December end)
- **Assessment – V** – January to March (will be taken in the month of March)

Assessment will be taken on the basis of:

- Written
- Oral
- Class Response

Co-Scholastic subjects like Art & Craft, Dance, Music, Games and Story-telling will also be assessed as per the Assessment Schedule.

SYLLABUS

ENGLISH

Oral

- Recognition of small a – z
- Phonic Sound (a – z)
- Reading of two letter and three letter words (a, e, i, o, u sound)
- Reading of sentences and sight words
- Reading of four letter words
- Reading of ee, oo, ll, ch, sh, th words
- Stories and Rhymes

Stories

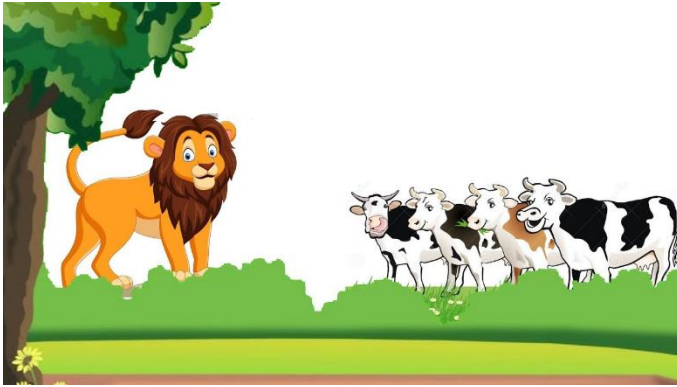
- **The Fox and the Grapes**



Once upon a time, there was a fox. He was very hungry. He reached in a garden. He saw ripe grapes there. The grapes were out of his reach. He jumped again and again but all in vain. At last, he said, “The grapes are sour”.

Moral – It’s easy to despise what you cannot have.

- **The Cows and the Lions**



Five cows lived in a little forest. They ate fresh grass in a large green meadow. They were kind friends. They decided to do everything together, so the lions couldn't attack them for food. One day, the five cows fought, and each one started to eat grass in a different place. The lions decided to seize the opportunity and killed them one by one.

Moral – Unity is strength

Rhymes

- Bed Time, Candle Time
- Happy Girls, Happy Boys
- Pussy Cat, Pussy Cat
- Hello
- Mary Had a Little Lamb
- Little Bo-Peep
- Hot Cross Buns
- Little Miss Muffet
- Hop A Little
- Two Little Dicky Birds
- The Bird House
- Little Boy Blue
- Colours
- Little Jack Horner
- On Saturday Night
- Hey Diddle – Diddle

Written

- Small Letters (a – z)
- Two letter words
- Three letter words (a, e, i, o, u sound)
- Fill ups with a, e, i, o, u
- Use of a/an
- One – Many
- Use of This/That
- Name the picture (a, e, i, o, u sound)
- Dictation (a, e, i, o, u sound)
- Make words (a – z)
- Make sentences
- Animals Name

- Colours Name
- Concept of These/Those
- Use of in, on, under
- Opposites
- Dictation (ll, oo, ee, ch, sh, th words)

हिन्दी

मौखिक

- स्वरों (अ - अः) और अक्षरों (क - ढ) की पहचान
- चित्र पहचानो
- पठन कार्य (दो, तीन और चार वर्णों वाले शब्द और वाक्य)
- सब्जियों व अंगों के नाम
- कहानियाँ और कविताएँ

कहानियाँ

- लालची कुत्ता



एक बार एक कुत्ते को बहुत ज़ोर से भूख लगी थी । तभी उसे एक रोटी मिली । वह उस रोटी का पूरा आनंद लेना चाहता था । इसलिए वह उसे शांति में बैठकर खाने की इच्छा से रोटी को अपने मुँह में दबाकर नदी की ओर चल दिया । नदी पर एक छोटा पुल था । जब कुत्ता नदी पार कर रहा था, तभी उसे पानी में अपनी परछाई दिखाई दी । उसने अपनी परछाई को दूसरा कुत्ता समझा और उसकी रोटी छीनना चाहा । रोटी छीनने के लिए उसने भौंकते हुए नदी में छलाँग लगा दी । मुँह खोलते ही उसके मुँह की रोटी नदी के जल में गिरकर बह गई और लालची कुत्ता भूखा ही रह गया ।

शिक्षा - हमें लालच नहीं करना चाहिए ।

- शेर और चूहा



एक बार शेर ने चूहे को पकड़ा | चूहे ने कहा - “मुझे छोड़ दो | मैं एक दिन तुम्हारे काम आऊँगा |” शेर को उस पर दया आ गई और उसने चूहे को जाने दिया |

एक दिन शेर शिकारी के बिछाए जाल में फँस गया | चूहे ने देखा शेर जाल में फँसा है | वह शेर के पास गया और अपने दाँतों से जाल को कुतर दिया और शेर को आज़ाद किया |

शिक्षा - हमें किसी को कमज़ोर नहीं समझना चाहिए |

कविता

- छन छन
- चुलबुली गिलहरी
- दादू का प्यार
- मम्मी पापा
- मेरी बहिना
- हाथी कितना विशाल (विशाल हाथी)
- रंग

- तितली
- देख भाई देख
- मेरी पेंसिल
- एक था राजा
- क्रिकेट
- कहानी
- गुद - गुदी
- गोल मटोल
- दिल्ली की सर्दी

लिखित

- क - ढ
- दो, तीन और चार वर्णों वाले शब्द
- वर्ण जोड़कर शब्द लिखो (दो, तीन और चार वर्ण वाले शब्द)
- चित्र पहचानकर शब्द लिखो (दो, तीन और चार वर्ण वाले शब्द)
- शब्द सही करो (दो, तीन और चार वर्ण वाले शब्द)
- चित्र देखकर सही शब्द से मिलान एवं सही शब्द पर गोला लगाओ (दो, तीन और चार वर्ण वाले शब्द)
- खाली स्थान भरओ (दो, तीन और चार वर्ण वाले शब्द)
- वाक्य बनाओ (दो, तीन और चार वर्ण वाले शब्द)
- शब्द बनाओ (क - ह)
- श्रुतलेख (दो, तीन और चार वर्ण वाले शब्द)
- सब्जियों व अंगों के नाम

MATHS

Oral

- Forward Counting (1 – 200)
- Backward Counting (100 – 1)
- What comes after, before and in between (1 – 100)
- Recognition of Shapes
- Number Names (Spellings) (1 – 20)
- Numerals (1 – 20)
- Greatest and Smallest Number (1 – 100)
- Ordinal Numbers (1st to 10th)
- Telling Time

Written

- Forward Counting (1 – 200)
- Backward Counting (100 – 1)
- Put the sign $>$, $<$, $=$ (1 – 100)
- What comes after, before and in between (1 – 100)
- Addition (1 & 2 digits)
- Subtraction (1 & 2 digits)
- Shapes
 - Circle
 - Rectangle
 - Oval
 - Diamond
 - Heart
 - Square
 - Triangle
 - Half circle
 - Star
- Circle the greatest number (1 – 100)
- Tick the smallest number (1 – 100)
- Number Names (1 – 20)
- Numerals (1 – 20)
- Ordinal Numbers (1st to 10th)
- Time

Concepts

- Big & Small
- Bigger & Smaller
- Biggest & Smallest
- Tall & Short
- Taller & Shorter
- Tallest & Shortest
- Thick & Thin
- Thicker & Thinner
- Thickest & Thinnest
- Heavy & Light
- Heavier & Lighter
- Heaviest & Lightest
- Right & Left
- One & Many
- Open & Close

E.V.S.

Oral & Written

- My Self – I am special
- Sense Organs
- My Favourite Things
- My Family
- My Hygiene
- Emotions
- My Morning Routine
- My School
- People who help us
- Modes of the transport
- Seasons
- Our Country – India
- Water
- Day and Night
- Parts of Body
- Me and my friends
- Magic Words
- Helping at Home
- My Home
- Things I can do my self!
- Self - Hygiene
- Food
- Silent Zone
- Animals
- Festivals
- Plants and Trees
- Air

Concepts

- Warm & Cool
- Light & Dark
- Top & Bottom
- Clean & Dirty

ART & CRAFT

- Page No. 5 – 40
- Free hand drawing –
 - Honeybee
 - Kite
 - Cupcake
 - Umbrella
 - Lamp
 - Diya
 - Flower
 - Christmas Tree
 - Flag
 - Pichkari

KNOW YOUR FESTIVALS

BAISAKHI



Punjabi New Year starts from this day. All the Sikhs wear saffron coloured clothes on this day. It is a popular festival of Punjab and people celebrate it by singing and dancing. It is time for harvest.

INDEPENDENCE DAY – 15th AUGUST



15th August is our Independence Day. It is our National Festival. Our country India got freedom on 15th August 1947. We hoist our National Flag on this day. There are three colours in our National Flag—Saffron, White and Green.

RAKSHA BANDHAN—RAKHI



Rakhi is a festival of brother and sister. Sister ties a thread on her brother's wrist. Brother in return gives her gift and promises to protect her.

JANMASHTAMI



Janmashtami is a festival celebrating the birth of Lord Krishna. Temples are decorated with flowers and lights. It is celebrated by breaking "Matki" filled with curd and butter.

TEACHER'S DAY – 5th SEPTEMBER



Teacher's Day is celebrated on 5th September. It is the birthday of Dr. S. Radhakrishnan. He was the second President of India and an outstanding teacher.

EID—UL—FITR



It is one of the biggest festival of the Muslims. Muslims wear new clothes on this day. They go to Mosque to pray. 'Seviyan' is prepared on Eid and is distributed among friends and relatives. They wish each other EID MUBARAK.

GANDHI JAYANTI – 2nd OCTOBER



Gandhi Jayanti is celebrated on 2nd October as the birth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi (Father of Nation). Mahatma Gandhi was popularly known as ‘Bapu’. He was a preacher of non – violence and truth.

DUSSHERA



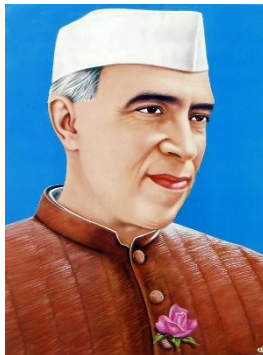
It is celebrated in autumn season. The festival marks the victory of Rama over Ravana. It is on this day that effigies of Ravana, Kumbhkaran and Meghnadh are burnt. This day is celebrated with great joy.

DIWALI



Diwali is a festival of lights. Lord Rama returned back to his home after exile along with his wife Sita and his brother Laxman.

CHILDREN'S DAY: 14th NOVEMBER



Chacha Nehru's Birthday is celebrated as Children's Day because he loved children very much. Chacha Nehru's favourite flower was Rose.

GURU PURAV



It is the biggest festival of Sikhs. It is celebrated on the birthday of Guru Nanak Dev. He was the founder of Sikh religion.

CHRISTMAS – 25th DECEMBER

Christmas is celebrated on 25th December. It is the birthday of Jesus Christ. Santa Claus comes and distributes gifts to the children. Children used to sing this carol:

Jingle Bell ! Jingle Bell !
Jingle all the way!

Santa Claus is coming
along
Riding on a sleigh...



LOHRI



Lohri is celebrated on 13th January. It is celebrated with a bonfire and Lohri songs. It is observed the night before Makar Sankranti. It is celebrated in almost all the parts of north India.

REPUBLIC DAY—26th JANUARY



26th January is our Republic Day. President of India hoists the National Flag and we enjoy the Republic Day Parade which is the attraction of the day. It is our National Festival.

HOLI



It is the festival of colours. It is celebrated for two days. Bonfires are lit in the evening on the first day. The second day is a day of fun and merriment. People apply gulal on each other's face. Children like to throw coloured water and water balloons on each other.

List of Holidays – Session 2025 – 2026

S.No.	Date	Day	Festival/Event
1.	6 April, 2025	Sunday	Ram Navmi
2.	10 April, 2025	Thursday	Mahavir Jayanti
3.	14 April, 2025	Monday	Ambedkar Jayanti
4.	18 April, 2025	Friday	Good Friday
5.	12 May, 2025	Monday	Buddha Purnima
6.	24 May, 2025 to 30 June, 2025		Summer Vacations
School will re-open on 1 July, 2025 (Tuesday).			
7.	31 July, 2025	Thursday	Shaheed Udham Singh Martyrdom Day
8.	9 August, 2025	Saturday	Raksha Bandhan
9.	15 August, 2025	Friday	Independence Day
10.	16 August, 2025	Saturday	Janmashtami
11.	23 September, 2025	Tuesday	Haryana War Heroes Martyrdom Day
12.	2 October, 2025	Thursday	Gandhi Jayanti / Dussehra
13.	10 October, 2025	Friday	Karva Chauth
14.	20 October, 2025 to 23 October, 25		Diwali Holidays
School will re-open on 24 October, 2025 (Friday).			
15.	1 November, 2025	Saturday	Haryana Day
16.	5 November, 2025	Wednesday	Guru Nanak Jayanti
17.	25 December, 2025	Thursday	Christmas
18.	1 – 14 January, 2026		Winter Break – Class Nursery to VIII
School will re-open on 15 January, 2026 (Thursday)			
19.	1 January, 2026 to 3 January, 2026		Winter Break – Class IX-XII
School will re-open on 5 January, 2026 (Monday)			
20.	14 January, 2026	Wednesday	Makar Sankranti
21.	24 January, 2026	Saturday	Vasant Panchami
22.	26 January, 2026	Monday	Republic Day
23.	15 February, 2026	Sunday	Maha Shivratri
24.	4 March, 2026	Wednesday	Holi
25.	26 March, 2026	Thursday	Ram Navami

- Please note that all Saturdays will be off for Class Nursery to UKG. The above planner is subject to change depending upon the Govt. notification (whenever received).

Class: UKG